

Subject card

Subject name and code	Victimology II (Restorative Justice) - lecture, PG_00131774						
Field of study	Criminology						
Date of commencement of studies	October 2026	Academic year of realisation of subject			2028/2029		
Education level	Bachelor's studies	Subject group			Obligatory subject group in the field of study		
Mode of study	full-time studies	Mode of delivery			at the university		
Year of study	3	Language of instruction			Polish		
Semester of study	6	ECTS credits			3.0		
Learning profile	academic	Assessment form			exam		
Conducting unit	Department of History of Law -> Faculty of Law and Administration -> Rector						
Name and surname of lecturer (lecturers)	Subject supervisor		dr Jacek Waldoch				
	Teachers						
Lesson types	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Project	Seminar	SUM
	Number of study hours	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	30
	E-learning hours included: 0.0						
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation in didactic classes included in study plan		Participation in consultation hours		Self-study	SUM
	Number of study hours	30		0.0		45.0	75
Subject objectives	students to acquire and understand the general theory and methods of restorative justice, their evolution, the relationship between restorative justice and criminal law and other branches of law, to learn basic mediation methods; to understand and acquire the conceptual framework used by mediators and to move freely within it, as well as to acquire the ability to apply theoretical knowledge to solve basic practical problems.						

Learning outcomes	Course outcome	Subject outcome	Method of verification
	[KRYML3_WG06] Has advanced knowledge of the problems of perpetrators and victims of crime, including the causes of socio-pathological behavior, factors affecting victimization, measures to prevent secondary victimization, as well as the duties and powers of these persons during criminal proceedings	Possesses knowledge of social and psychological concepts used in working with the victim, perpetrator and community in alternative forms of responding to crime.	[SW4] test/exam - oral or written [SW2] presentation/project/paper/report
	[KRYML3_WG01] Has advanced knowledge of the nature of legal sciences, including, in particular, the branches of law related to the studied major, knows their place in the field of social sciences and understands the relationship between them	Has in-depth knowledge of the nature of legal sciences and their relationship with social sciences, especially in the context of restorative justice.	[SW4] test/exam - oral or written [SW2] presentation/project/paper/report
	[KRYML3_WG02] To an advanced degree, he knows the terminology and key concepts of law, criminology and related sciences, including law, psychology and sociology, to the extent related to the studied major	Knows and understands the place of criminal law, executive and procedural criminal law in the system of legal sciences and their importance for the application of restorative justice.	[SW4] test/exam - oral or written [SW2] presentation/project/paper/report
	[KRYML3_UW01] In advanced level is able to use theoretical knowledge of criminology and related disciplines to analyze, interpret and solve problems related to criminology	Is able to analyse and interpret crime phenomena and forms of response to them, taking into account both the legal and social perspective.	[SU2] presentation/project/paper/report [SU4] test/exam - oral or written
Subject contents	The lecture consists of four parts. The first discusses the history of the development of the idea of compensation for damages resulting from acts currently referred to as crimes in law from antiquity to the present. The cross-sectional analysis covers not only Europe but also Asia, Africa, both Americas and Australia, which is intended to break the audience away from the schematism of Eurocentric thinking. The second part includes a presentation of the philosophical, psychological and sociological roots of restorative justice. The task of this part is to indicate the complexity of human needs related to crime. The third part is a comparative legal analysis of contemporary criminal law systems in terms of the implementation of the compensatory function. There is also space here to discuss Polish law and the so-called civil law complex functioning in Polish law in criminal law. The fourth part is a discussion of the idea of restorative justice and the institutions and methods serving their implementation (mediations, conferences and circles).		
Prerequisites and co-requisites			
Assessment methods and criteria	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade
	score, form	51.0%	100.0%
Recommended reading	Basic literature	W. Zalewski, Sprawiedliwość naprawcza: początek ewolucji polskiego prawa karnego?, Gdańsk 2006	
	Supplementary literature	W. Zalewski, Sprawiedliwość naprawcza: początek ewolucji polskiego prawa karnego?, Gdańsk 2006	
	eResources addresses		
Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	brak		
Work placement	Not applicable		

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