

**Subject card**

<b>Subject name and code</b>	Statistical Physics, PG_00182574						
<b>Field of study</b>	Physics						
<b>Date of commencement of studies</b>	October 2026	<b>Academic year of realisation of subject</b>				2028/2029	
<b>Education level</b>	Bachelor's studies	<b>Subject group</b>				Obligatory subject group in the field of study Optional subject group Subject group related to scientific research in the field of study	
<b>Mode of study</b>	full-time studies	<b>Mode of delivery</b>				at the university	
<b>Year of study</b>	3	<b>Language of instruction</b>				Polish	
<b>Semester of study</b>	6	<b>ECTS credits</b>				6.0	
<b>Learning profile</b>	academic	<b>Assessment form</b>				exam	
<b>Conducting unit</b>							
<b>Name and surname of lecturer (lecturers)</b>	<b>Subject supervisor</b>		dr hab. Adam Rutkowski				
	<b>Teachers</b>						
<b>Lesson types</b>	<b>Lesson type</b>	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Project	Seminar	SUM
	<b>Number of study hours</b>	45.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	75
	E-learning hours included: 0.0						
<b>Learning activity and number of study hours</b>	<b>Learning activity</b>	<b>Participation in didactic classes included in study plan</b>		<b>Participation in consultation hours</b>		<b>Self-study</b>	<b>SUM</b>
	<b>Number of study hours</b>	75		0.0		75.0	150
<b>Subject objectives</b>	The aim of the course is to familiarize students with the fundamental principles of thermodynamics and their justification within statistical physics, to understand the application of statistical methods in explaining the phenomenological laws of classical physics, and to learn models illustrating the discussed concepts.						
<b>Learning outcomes</b>	<b>Course outcome</b>		<b>Subject outcome</b>		<b>Method of verification</b>		
	[FIZL3_W01] has advanced knowledge of physical concepts, principles and theories, understands their historical development and significance not only for physics, but also for other exact and natural sciences and cognition of the world		The student knows the fundamental concepts and formalisms of statistical physics, including the Boltzmann, Fermi-Dirac, and Bose-Einstein distributions, and understands their application to the description of macroscopic systems.		[SW4] test/exam - oral or written [SW1] oral statement/conversation/discussion [SW3] text preparation/written work		
	[FIZL3_U04] can apply the formalism of phenomenological thermodynamics and statistical physics to describe complex systems		The student is able to apply the formalism of thermodynamics and statistical physics to determine the thermodynamic properties of complex systems, such as internal energy, entropy, and pressure, for different models of gases and molecular systems.		[SU1] oral statement/conversation/discussion [SU3] text preparation/written work [SU4] test/exam - oral or written		
	[FIZL3_W09] knows and understands thermodynamic phenomena and processes and their description in phenomenological thermodynamics and statistical physics		The student understands the statistical mechanisms underlying thermodynamic processes, such as energy dissipation, heat conduction, and thermodynamic equilibrium, and is able to describe these processes mathematically.		[SW4] test/exam - oral or written [SW1] oral statement/conversation/discussion [SW3] text preparation/written work		

Subject contents	<p><b>I. Gas kinetics</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Maxwell model and Boltzmann equation</li> <li>• Issues of irreversibility of evolution, including Kacs clock model</li> </ul> <p><b>II. Thermodynamics</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Basic concepts: internal energy, enthalpy, work, heat</li> <li>• Thermodynamic description of an ideal gas</li> <li>• Entropy phenomenological and statistical definitions; entropy of an ideal gas</li> <li>• Thermodynamic functions: free energy, free enthalpy, chemical potential</li> <li>• Laws of thermodynamics, reversible and irreversible processes, thermodynamic equilibrium</li> <li>• Closed, open, and isolated systems</li> <li>• Elements of nonequilibrium thermodynamics: flow equations, heat transport</li> </ul> <p><b>III. Fundamentals of classical statistical mechanics of equilibrium states</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Elements of probability theory</li> <li>• Principle of equal a priori probabilities and microcanonical ensemble</li> <li>• Boltzmann principle and canonical ensemble; derivation of thermodynamic relations</li> <li>• Ideal gas and Gibbs paradox; grand canonical ensemble and thermodynamic limit</li> <li>• Phase transitions and the Ising model</li> </ul>									
Prerequisites and co-requisites	<p>The student should have knowledge of:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. classical mechanics,</li> <li>2. basic physics,</li> <li>3. differential and integral calculus,</li> <li>4. fundamental mathematical methods used in physics.</li> </ol>									
Assessment methods and criteria	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Subject passing criteria</th> <th>Passing threshold</th> <th>Percentage of the final grade</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td></td> <td>51.0%</td> <td>45.0%</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>51.0%</td> <td>55.0%</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade		51.0%	45.0%		51.0%	55.0%
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Recommended reading	Basic literature	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. J.P. Terlecki, <i>Fizyka Statystyczna</i>, PWN, Warszawa 1968</li> <li>2. K. Huang, <i>Podstawy fizyki statystycznej</i>, PWN, Warszawa 2006</li> <li>3. R.S. Ingarden, A. Jamiołkowski, R. Mrugała, <i>Fizyka Statystyczna</i>, PWN, Warszawa 1990</li> </ol>
	Supplementary literature	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. E. Fermi, <i>Thermodynamics</i>, Dover Publications, New York 1937 (istnieje tłumaczenie rosyjskie)</li> <li>2. K. Huang, <i>Mechanika Statystyczna</i>, PWN, Warszawa 1978</li> <li>3. M. Bałaban, <i>Fizyka statystyczna i termodynamika</i>, Wydawnictwo Naukowe PWN, Warszawa 2015</li> <li>4. P. Langevin, <i>Podstawy mechaniki statystycznej</i>, Wydawnictwo Naukowe PWN, 2010</li> <li>5. D. Chandler, <i>Introduction to Modern Statistical Mechanics</i>, Oxford University Press, 1987 (dla chętnych po angielsku)</li> </ol>
	eResources addresses	
Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed		
Work placement	Not applicable	

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