

Subject card

Subject name and code	Cytology, PG_00146874						
Field of study	Genetics and Experimental Biology						
Date of commencement of studies	October 2026	Academic year of realisation of subject			2026/2027		
Education level	Bachelor's studies	Subject group			Obligatory subject group in the field of study Subject group related to scientific research in the field of study		
Mode of study	full-time studies	Mode of delivery			at the university		
Year of study	1	Language of instruction			Polish		
Semester of study	1	ECTS credits			2.0		
Learning profile	academic	Assessment form			exam		
Conducting unit	Faculty of Biology -> Rector						
Name and surname of lecturer (lecturers)	Subject supervisor		prof. dr hab. Małgorzata Kozieradzka-Kiszkurno				
	Teachers						
Lesson types	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Project	Seminar	SUM
	Number of study hours	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	30
	E-learning hours included: 0.0						
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation in didactic classes included in study plan		Participation in consultation hours		Self-study	SUM
	Number of study hours	30		6.0		14.0	50
Subject objectives	<p>1. Understanding the basics of functioning of organisms at the cell level.</p> <p>2. Understanding the structure of prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells.</p> <p>3. Ability to analyze the relationship between the structure of cellular structures and their functions.</p>						

Learning outcomes	Course outcome	Subject outcome	Method of verification
	[GBEL3_W01] A graduate has an advanced knowledge and understanding of: the structure and properties of the main types of biological macromolecules; the molecular mechanisms of basic metabolic pathways and genetic information flow; the sources of genetic variation in organisms and the mechanisms of evolution. They can explain the principles of inheritance, the differences in structure and function between prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells, as well as the structure and functional relationships at the cellular and tissue levels.	- The graduate describes the structure and properties of basic types of biological macromolecules, mechanisms of basic metabolism pathways and sources.	[SW4] test/exam - oral or written
	[GBEL3_U03] The graduate is able to: use research apparatus and tools and, following the correct sequence of operations, carry out simple physical, biological or chemical observations and measurements in laboratory work in the biological sciences.	- The graduate is aware of the use of basic research equipment and tools in cytology.	[SU8] observation of student's independent or team work
	[GBEL3_K08] The graduate is prepared to: takes responsibility for equipment/materials entrusted to it and respects the work of others.	-The graduate is aware of responsibility for the entrusted equipment/materials, and his work and respects the work of others.	[SK8] observation of student's independent or team work
Subject contents	Modern research techniques used in cytology. The phenomenon of life. Levels of organization of life (molecular, organismal, species and population). Organization of cells in prokaryotic and eukaryotic organisms. Construction and functioning of each cellular compartments. Genetic material of prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells, the influence of numerical and structural aberrations on functioning of the body. Cytoskeleton. Cell cycle and its regulation. Types of cell death.		
Prerequisites and co-requisites			
Assessment methods and criteria	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade
	Test	51.0%	100.0%
Recommended reading	Basic literature	<p>Alberts B, Heald R, Johnson A, Morgan D, Raff M (2022) Molecular Biology of the Cell, Norton & Company</p> <p>Alberts B. i wsp. Podstawy biologii komórki. 2005, PWN Warszawa</p> <p>Kilarski, W. Strukturalne podstawy biologii komórki. PWN 2003.</p> <p>Kłyszajko-Stefanowicz L. Cytobiochemia. 2002, Wyd. Naukowe PWN</p> <p>Rogalska S, J. Małuszyńska, M.J. Olszewska (red.). 2005. Podstawy cytogenetyki roślin, PWN, Warszawa</p> <p>Wojtaszek P., Michejda J., Ratajczak, Biologia komórki roślinnej. T.1 Struktura, T.2 Funkcja. PWN 2008/2009</p> <p>Woźny A. i in. [red.] 2001. Podstawy biologii komórki roślinnej, Wyd. Naukowe UAM, Poznań</p> <p>Rogalska S, J. Małuszyńska, M.J. Olszewska (red.). 2005. Podstawy cytogenetyki roślin, PWN, Warszawa</p>	

	Supplementary literature	<p>Litwin JA. 1999. Podstawy technik mikroskopowych. Wydawnictwo Uniwersytetu Jagiellońskiego, Kraków</p> <p>Kozieradzka-Kiszkurno M, Płachno BJ. (2013): Diversity of plastid morphology and structure along the micropyle-chalaza axis of different Crassulaceae. <i>Flora</i> 208: 128-137.</p> <p>Pawlik, A., Wała, M., Hać, A., Felczykowska, A., & Herman-Antosiewicz, A. (2017). Sulforaphane, an isothiocyanate present in radish plants, inhibits proliferation of human breast cancer cells. <i>Phytomedicine</i>, 29, 1-10.</p> <p>Wiczak, A., Hofman, D., Konopa, G., & Herman-Antosiewicz, A. (2012). Sulforaphane, a cruciferous vegetable-derived isothiocyanate, inhibits protein synthesis in human prostate cancer cells. <i>Biochimica et Biophysica Acta (BBA)-Molecular Cell Research</i>, 1823(8), 1295-1305.</p> <p>Pawlik, A., Wiczak, A., Kaczyńska, A., Antosiewicz, J., & Herman-Antosiewicz, A. (2013). Sulforaphane inhibits growth of phenotypically different breast cancer cells. <i>European journal of nutrition</i>, 52(8), 1949-1958.</p> <p>Hać, A., Domachowska, A., Narajczyk, M., Cyske, K., Pawlik, A., & Herman-Antosiewicz, A. (2015). S6K1 controls autophagosome maturation in autophagy induced by sulforaphane or serum deprivation. <i>European journal of cell biology</i>, 94(10), 470-481.</p> <p>Płachno, B.J.; Kapusta, M.; Stolarczyk, P.; Świątek, P. Arabinogalactan Proteins in the Digestive Glands of <i>Dionaea muscipula</i> J. Ellis</p>
	eResources addresses	
Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed		
Work placement	Not applicable	

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