University of Gdańsk

Subject card

Subject name and code	Lean in logistics , PG_00198990		
Field of study	Economics		
Date of commencement of studies	October 2026	Academic year of realisation of subject	2028/2029
Education level	Bachelor's studies	Subject group	Obligatory subject group in the field of study Optional subject group Subject group related to scientific research in the field of study
Mode of study	full-time studies	Mode of delivery	at the university
Year of study	3	Language of instruction	Polish
Semester of study	5	ECTS credits	2.0
Learning profile	academic	Assessment form	credit
Conducting unit	Department of Logistics -> Faculty of Economics -> Rector		
Name and surname of lecturer (lecturers)	Subject supervisor	dr Agnieszka Szmelter-Jarosz	
	Teachers		

Lesson types

Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Project	Seminar	SUM
Number of study hours	15.0	0.0	0.0	15.0	0.0	30

E-learning hours included: 0.0

Learning activity and number of study hours

Learning activity	Participation in didactic classes included in study plan	Participation in consultation hours	Self-study	SUM
Number of study hours	30	0.0	20.0	50

Subject objectives

Understanding the fundamentals of Lean philosophy and its application in logistics processes to eliminate waste and improve operational efficiency.

Identifying and analyzing waste (muda) in supply chains and implementing Lean tools such as 5S, Kaizen, and Value Stream Mapping (VSM).

Developing skills in optimizing logistics processes using Lean principles.

Preparing for the implementation of a culture of continuous improvement in logistics processes and systems.

Learning outcomes

Course outcome	Subject outcome	Method of verification
[EKONL3_W09] has an advanced knowledge of the evolution of theories describing economic entities and organisations as well as public institutions, and has an advanced knowledge of functional links within them	The student has knowledge of the fundamental principles of Lean philosophy and its application in logistics.	[SW4] test/exam - oral or written
[EKONL3_K05] correctly identifies, diagnoses and resolves professional dilemmas and different options for solutions	The student demonstrates openness to change and a willingness to take initiatives that enhance organizational performance.	[SK5] implementation of a problem task
[EKONL3_U07] is able to participate in analyses and evaluations of alternative solutions to economic and social problems and to choose the methods and instruments to resolve them rationally	The student can select appropriate Lean tools for specific logistics problems and propose improvement actions.	[SU5] implementation of a problem task
[EKONL3_W08] has an advanced knowledge of the processes of changing elements, enterprises and whole structures of economic organisations, as well as the processes of changing social institutions, knows what their causes, course, scale, consequences are and what the influence of external stakeholders is on them	Student knows the logistics strategies in companies and supply chains related to philosophies like lean, agile, leagile, and processes related to shaping and change of strategy.	[SW4] test/exam - oral or written
[EKONL3_U02] is able to use the knowledge of theory and data to analyse concrete economic and social processes and phenomena and to analyse these phenomena using methods developed in economics, finance and management sciences	The student is able to assess the suitability of a given method for solving a specific problem related to the execution of logistics processes, apply it, evaluate the results, and propose optimization actions.	[SU5] implementation of a problem task
[EKONL3_K04] is willing to think and act in an entrepreneurial manner; adapts to new situations and conditions, takes on the challenges of creative thinking, is resilient in the face of failure, is able to identify risks and assess the risks of failure	The student understands the importance of a continuous improvement culture and can work to optimize processes.	[SK5] implementation of a problem task
[EKONL3_U08] has the ability to observe, understand and analyse economic and social phenomena and processes using appropriate scientific methods	The student is able to analyze logistics processes to identify waste and indicate potential areas for improvement.	[SU5] implementation of a problem task
[EKONL3_W06] has an advanced knowledge of selected methods and tools, including statistical and econometric techniques, for describing economic agents and structures as well as social institutions and the processes taking place in them	The student knows the tools and methods used in the Lean approach, such as 5S, Kaizen, and VSM, and can explain their use in the supply chain.	[SW4] test/exam - oral or written
[EKONL3_U03] is able to analyse the causes and course of specific economic and social processes and phenomena, and accurately analyse these phenomena using adequate methods and tools economic and social	Student can assess the effectiveness of implemented lean practices and propose further optimization needs	[SU5] implementation of a problem task

Subject contents

1. **Introduction to Lean Philosophy** origins, principles, and benefits in logistics
2. **Methodologies, techniques, and tools of Lean, Agile, and Leagile:** 5S, Kaizen and continuous improvement of logistics processes, Lean Six Sigma, Kanban
3. **Value Stream Mapping (VSM) in logistics**
4. **Inventory management according to Lean principles** elimination of excess, Just-in-Time; Lean in warehousing
5. **Lean in reverse logistics** and **TPM (Total Productive Maintenance)**

Any doubts regarding the issues discussed during classes can be discussed during consultations.

<table>
<tr><td>Prerequisites and co-requisites</td><td colspan="3">Basic knowledge in microeconomics

Basic knowledge in management, including process management</td></tr>
<tr><td>Assessment methods and criteria</td><td colspan="3"><table><tr><th>Subject passing criteria</th><th>Passing threshold</th><th>Percentage of the final grade</th></tr><tr><td>test</td><td>51.0%</td><td>50.0%</td></tr><tr><td>case study</td><td>51.0%</td><td>50.0%</td></tr></table></td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="3">Recommended reading</td><td>Basic literature</td><td colspan="2">Szmelter, A. (2012). Wykorzystanie koncepcji Six Sigma w logistyce zaopatrzenia. Torun Business Review, Article 11 11.

Goldsby T, Martichenko R., Lean Six Sigma Logistics: Strategic Development to Operational Success, JRoss Publishing, https://epdf.tips/lean-six-sigma-logistics-strategic-development-to-operational-success.html
Szmelter-Jarosz, A., Abdi, H., & Nozari, H. (2024). Closed-loop supply chain management (CLSCM) in the circular economy. Journal of Business and Future Economy, 1, Article 1.
Szmelter, A. (2013). Jidoka jako przykład kaizenowskich technik minimalizacji kosztów logistycznych przedsiębiorstw produkcji masowej. Zeszyty Naukowe Uniwersytetu Gdańskiego. Ekonomika Transportu i Logistyka, Article 46. http://ekonom.ug.edu.pl/web/download.php?OpenFile=1181</td></tr>
<tr><td>Supplementary literature</td><td colspan="2">Bąk, D. (2022). Metody i narzędzia Lean Management w zarządzaniu szpitalem studia przypadków. Zeszyty Naukowe Ochrony Zdrowia, Zdrowie Publiczne i Zarządzanie, 20(2), 3446. https://doi.org/10.4467/20842627oz.22.008.17641

Cvetić, B., Vasiljevic, D., Novaković, J., & Đorđević, A. (2021). Lean Supply Chain: Take an Opportunity to do More with Less. 15(2), 275281. https://doi.org/10.31803/TG-20210429120854

Kruczek, M., & Żebrucki, Z. (2011). Doskonalenie struktury łańcucha dostaw z wykorzystaniem koncepcji Lean. Logistyka.

Koza, A., & Łapuńka, I. (2014). Lean Manufacturing jako koncepcja usprawniania procesów w logistyce produkcjicase study. Logistyka, 5892-5902.</td></tr>
<tr><td>eResources addresses</td><td colspan="2"></td></tr>
<tr><td>Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed</td><td colspan="3"></td></tr>
<tr><td>Work placement</td><td colspan="3">Not applicable</td></tr>
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