

**Subject card**

<b>Subject name and code</b>	Zoology, PG_00203346						
<b>Field of study</b>	Medical Biology						
<b>Date of commencement of studies</b>	October 2026	<b>Academic year of realisation of subject</b>			2027/2028		
<b>Education level</b>	Bachelor's studies	<b>Subject group</b>			Obligatory subject group in the field of study Optional subject group Subject group related to scientific research in the field of study		
<b>Mode of study</b>	full-time studies	<b>Mode of delivery</b>			at the university		
<b>Year of study</b>	2	<b>Language of instruction</b>			Polish		
<b>Semester of study</b>	3	<b>ECTS credits</b>			3.0		
<b>Learning profile</b>	academic	<b>Assessment form</b>			exam		
<b>Conducting unit</b>	Laboratory of Vertebrate Ecology and Ethology -> Department of Vertebrate Ecology and Zoology -> Faculty of Biology -> Rector						
<b>Name and surname of lecturer (lecturers)</b>	<b>Subject supervisor</b>		prof. dr hab. Dariusz Jakubas				
	<b>Teachers</b>						
<b>Lesson types</b>	<b>Lesson type</b>	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Project	Seminar	SUM
	<b>Number of study hours</b>	45.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	45
	E-learning hours included: 0.0						
<b>Learning activity and number of study hours</b>	<b>Learning activity</b>	Participation in didactic classes included in study plan		Participation in consultation hours		Self-study	SUM
	<b>Number of study hours</b>	45		4.0		26.0	75
<b>Subject objectives</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. To review the major systematic groups of protozoa and animals.</li> <li>2. to understand the main mechanisms and trends in the evolution of the organisms discussed.</li> <li>3. to identify the basic taxa of the protozoa and animals studied.</li> <li>4. to understand the basic functioning of living organisms and their interrelationships.</li> </ol>						

Learning outcomes	Course outcome	Subject outcome	Method of verification
	[BIOLMEDL3_W16] has an advanced knowledge of the experimental methods and the most important techniques of biological sciences that can be applied to medical biology and diagnostics	explains the theoretical basis of experimental methods and lists the most important techniques of the biological sciences that can be applied to medical biology and diagnostics	[SW4] test/exam - oral or written
	[BIOLMEDL3_W04] has an advanced knowledge and understanding of the characteristics, systematics and evolution of selected groups of organisms including molecular basis and describes the basic concepts and mechanisms of evolution	The role, objectives and methods used in classification and systematics. Different concepts of systematic classification. Principles of modern zoological nomenclature. Classification and characterisation of the main groups of protozoa. Medical and economic importance of selected groups of protozoa. Morphology, anatomy, classification and systematics, evolution and phylogeny of invertebrates. Bionomy and economic and medical importance of selected groups of invertebrates. Characteristics, origin and main directions of the evolution of the chordates. An overview of the different systematic groups of chordates.	[SW4] test/exam - oral or written
	[BIOLMEDL3_W03] has an advanced knowledge and understanding of the structure of the animal or human organism, the processes and functional relationships at the cellular, tissue, organ and organismal levels, and explains their relationship to behavior and adaptation of the organism to changing environmental conditions	Morphology, anatomy, classification and systematics, evolution and phylogeny of invertebrates. Structure and evolution of systems. Aromorphoses and idioadaptations in vertebrate evolution.	[SW4] test/exam - oral or written
[BIOLMEDL3_K01] understands the need for lifelong learning and to update his/her knowledge of medical biology and related disciplines	Awareness of the need to critically analyse knowledge, especially that obtained from the Internet	[SK4] test/exam - oral or written	
Subject contents	The role, objectives and methods used in classification and systematics. Different concepts of systematic division. Principles of modern zoological nomenclature. Classification and characterisation of the main groups of protozoa. Medical and economic importance of selected groups of protozoa. Morphology, anatomy, classification and systematics, evolution and phylogeny of invertebrates. Bionomy and economic and medical importance of selected groups of invertebrates. Characteristics, origin and main trends in the evolution of chordates. Basic concepts of chordates anatomy. Structure and evolution of systems. Aromorphoses and idioadaptations in vertebrate evolution. An overview of the different systematic groups of chordates.		
Prerequisites and co-requisites	Basic knowledge of animal histology is required		
Assessment methods and criteria	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade
	not relevant	51.0%	100.0%
Recommended reading	Basic literature	<p>Błaszak C. (red.) 2009. Zoologia, t. 1. Bezkręgowce. PWN, Warszawa.</p> <p>Błaszak C. (red.) 2011-2012. Zoologia, t. 2, cz. 1, 2. Stawonogi. PWN, Warszawa.</p> <p>Błaszak C. (red.) 2015. Zoologia, t. 3, cz. 1. Szkarłupnie płazy. PWN, Warszawa.</p> <p>Błaszak C. (red.) 2020. Zoologia, t. 3, cz. 3. Ssaki. PWN, Warszawa.</p> <p>Jasiński A. 1973. Zootomia kręgowców. PWN, Warszawa.</p> <p>Kardong K.V. 1998-2018. Vertebrates. Comparative anatomy, function, evolution. 8th Edition. WCB McGraw-Hill Comp. Inc., New York.</p> <p>Moraczewski J., Riedel W., Sołtyńska M., Umiński T. 1984. Ćwiczenia z zoologii bezkręgowców. PWN Warszawa.</p> <p>Szarski H. (red.) 1976. Anatomia porównawcza kręgowców. PWN, Warszawa.</p> <p>Wallace R.L., Taylor W. 1997. Invertebrate zoology. A laboratory manual. Prentice Hall, Upper Saddle River, NJ.</p>	

	Supplementary literature	<p>Brusca R.C., Moore W., Shuster S.M. 2016. Invertebrates. 3rd Edition. Sinauer Associates Inc. Publishers, Sunderland, MA.</p> <p>Czapik A. 1992. Podstawy protozoologii. Wyd. 2. PWN, Warszawa.</p> <p>Grabda E. [red.] 1989. Zoologia. Bezkręgowce, t. 1. PWN, Warszawa.</p> <p>Grodziński Z. (red). 1967. Zoologia. Przedstrunowce i strunowce. PWN, Warszawa.</p> <p>Dogiel W.A. 1986. Zoologia bezkręgowców. PWRiL Warszawa. Gębicki C., Szewo J. 2000. Owady Polski. Klucz i atlas. Kubajak, Krzeszowice.</p> <p>Grabda E. (red.) 1989. Zoologia bezkręgowce, t. 2-5, PWN, Warszawa.</p> <p>Jura C. 2007. Bezkręgowce. Podstawy morfologii funkcjonalnej, systematyki i filogenezy. PWN, Warszawa.</p> <p>Moore J. 2009. Wprowadzenie do zoologii bezkręgowców. WUW, Warszawa.</p> <p>Schmidt-Rhaesa A., Harzsch S., Purschke G. 2015. Structure and evolution of invertebrate nervous systems. Oxford University Press, Oxford.</p> <p>Szarski H. 1982-2023. Historia zwierząt kręgowych. Wyd. 6. PWN. Warszawa.</p> <p>Tarczyński S. 1984. Zarys parazytologii systematycznej. PWN, Warszawa.</p>
	eResources addresses	
Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	what features are common to all chordates what are the adaptations of birds to flight in the anatomy of different systems what are the most important stages in the invasion of land by vertebrates structure of mammalian limbs as an adaptation to different forms of locomotion	
Work placement	Not applicable	

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