

Subject card

Subject name and code		Mathematical Applications in Economics and Management, PG_00204868						
Field of study		Economics						
Date of commencement of studies		October 2026	Academic year of realisation of subject			2026/2027		
Education level		Bachelor's studies	Subject group			Obligatory subject group in the field of study Subject group related to scientific research in the field of study		
Mode of study		part-time studies	Mode of delivery			at the university		
Year of study		1	Language of instruction			Polish		
Semester of study		1	ECTS credits			9.0		
Learning profile		academic	Assessment form			exam		
Conducting unit		Department of Microeconomics -> Faculty of Economics -> Rector						
Name and surname of lecturer (lecturers)		Subject supervisor		dr hab. Leszek Czerwonka				
		Teachers						
Lesson types		Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Project	Seminar	SUM
		Number of study hours	20.0	20.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	40
		E-learning hours included: 0.0						
Learning activity and number of study hours		Learning activity	Participation in didactic classes included in study plan	Participation in consultation hours	Self-study	SUM		
		Number of study hours	40	4.0	181.0	225		
Subject objectives		Introducing students to the fundamentals of higher mathematics and its applications in economics and management.						
Learning outcomes		Course outcome	Subject outcome			Method of verification		
		[EKONL3_K05] correctly identifies, diagnoses and resolves professional dilemmas and different options for solutions	The student correctly identifies, diagnoses and resolves dilemmas and different options for solutions, related to the profession, using mathematical methods.			[SK4] test/exam - oral or written		
		[EKONL3_U04] can predict and forecast the course of economic and social processes and phenomena	The student is able to predict the course of economic and social processes and phenomena and forecast these phenomena, using mathematical methods.			[SU4] test/exam - oral or written		
		[EKONL3_U02] is able to use the knowledge of theory and data to analyse concrete economic and social processes and phenomena and to analyse these phenomena using methods developed in economics, finance and management sciences	The student is able to use his/her theoretical knowledge and acquire data to analyse particular economic and social processes and phenomena, and to analyse these phenomena using methods developed in economics, finance and management sciences in conjunction with mathematical methods.			[SU4] test/exam - oral or written		
		[EKONL3_W06] has an advanced knowledge of selected methods and tools, including statistical and econometric techniques, for describing economic agents and structures as well as social institutions and the processes taking place in them	The student is acquainted, to an advanced degree, with selected methods and mathematical tools enabling him/her to describe economic entities and organisations as well as public institutions and the processes occurring in them.			[SW4] test/exam - oral or written		

Subject contents	<p>1. Matrix algebra</p> <p>Matrix operations, basic properties of determinants, finding the inverse matrix, Cramer's formula, application to market and national income models (matrix notation and model solution)</p> <p>2. Sequences and series</p> <p>Concept of a numerical sequence, arithmetic and geometric sequences, convergence of a sequence, operations on the limits of sequences, concept of a numerical series, sum of a series, application to the calculation of the present value of cash flows (elements of financial mathematics)</p> <p>3. Functions of one and many variables</p> <p>Basic elementary functions, graph of a function, inverse representation, monotonicity, limit of a function, continuity of a function, convexity and concavity of a function</p> <p>4. Elements of differential calculus</p> <p>Rules of differentiation for functions of one variable, local extrema of functions of one variable, elasticity of functions, marginal calculus, maximisation of economic result, rules of differentiation for functions of many variables, optimisation of functions of many variables, conditional extremum, minimisation of costs by Lagrange multipliers method</p> <p>5. Integral calculus</p> <p>Concept of primary function, definite and indefinite integral, method of integration by parts, method of integration by substitution, applications in marginal calculus and financial mathematics</p> <p>6. Difference and differential equations</p> <p>First order difference equations, cobweb model, differential equations, application of differential equations in economic growth models.</p> <p>In order to develop the concepts discussed during the lectures, students can take advantage of consultations</p>		
Prerequisites and co-requisites	Knowledge and skills in secondary school mathematics.		
Assessment methods and criteria	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade
		51.0%	100.0%
Recommended reading	Basic literature	<p>1. Babula E., Czerwonka L. (red.), Zastosowanie matematyki w ekonomii i zarządzaniu, Wydawnictwo Uniwersytetu Gdańskiego, Gdańsk 2015.</p> <p>2. Blajer-Gołębiowska A., Czerwonka L., Pankau E., Zielenkiewicz M., Ekonomia matematyczna w zadaniach, red. T. Kamińska, Wyd. UG, Gdańsk 2010.</p>	
	Supplementary literature	<p>1. Czerwonka L., Matematyczne modele połączeń przedsiębiorstw uwzględniające czynniki menedżerskie, "Pieniądze i Więż. Kwartalnik Naukowy", 2009, nr 3, s. 81-88.</p> <p>2. Czerwonka L., Zastosowanie matematycznych modeli fuzji egzogenicznych, "Pieniądze i Więż. Kwartalnik Naukowy", 2008, nr 1, s. 133-140.</p> <p>3. Chiang A.C., Podstawy ekonomii matematycznej, PWE, Warszawa 1994.</p> <p>4. Małoka M., Matematyka dla ekonomistów, Wyd. AE w Poznaniu, Poznań 2008.</p> <p>5. Ostoja-Ostaszewski A., Matematyka w ekonomii. Modele i metody t. 1 i 2, Wydawnictwo Naukowe PWN, Warszawa 2006.</p> <p>6. Piszczala J., Matematyka i jej zastosowanie w naukach ekonomicznych, Wydawnictwo AE w Poznaniu, Poznań 2008.</p>	
	eResources addresses		
Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	The determinant of matrix of order $(n - 1)$ obtained by deleting row i and column j of matrix A of order n is called ...		

Work placement	Not applicable
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