

Subject card

Subject name and code	Historical Linguistics, PG_00137865						
Field of study	English Studies						
Date of commencement of studies	October 2027		Academic year of realisation of subject		2027/2028		
Education level	Master's studies		Subject group		Obligatory subject group in the field of study Optional subject group Subject group related to scientific research in the field of study		
Mode of study	full-time studies		Mode of delivery		at the university		
Year of study	1		Language of instruction		English		
Semester of study	2		ECTS credits		2.0		
Learning profile	academic		Assessment form		credit		
Conducting unit	Institute of English and American Studies -> Faculty of Languages -> Rector						
Name and surname of lecturer (lecturers)	Subject supervisor		Adriana Wacewicz-Chorosz				
	Teachers						
Lesson types	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Project	Seminar	SUM
	Number of study hours	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	30
	E-learning hours included: 0.0						
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation in didactic classes included in study plan		Participation in consultation hours		Self-study	SUM
	Number of study hours	30		2.0		18.0	50
Subject objectives	Familiarizing students with issues related to language development, with a particular focus on changes occurring over time, and enhancing their skills in understanding and translating Old English texts. Language changes are discussed and analyzed using examples from Indo-European languages, particularly English, Polish, German, French, Latin, and their reconstructed ancestors: Proto-Indo-European, Proto-Germanic, and Proto-Slavic.						

Learning outcomes	Course outcome	Subject outcome	Method of verification
	[FAMU2_U06] Can communicate in speech and writing in English and Polish with diverse audiences on specialized topics in the field of linguistics and literature, also using advanced specialized terminology.	The student is able to communicate with diverse audiences on topics related to the history, development, and changes of language, using advanced specialized terminology.	[SU1] oral statement/conversation/discussion [SU2] presentation/project/paper/report
	[FAMU2_W05] Knows and understands advanced terminology in the field of linguistics, in particular those used in English language studies.	The student knows and understands advanced terminology in the field of historical English linguistics at an in-depth level.	[SW4] test/exam - oral or written [SW1] oral statement/conversation/discussion [SW2] presentation/project/paper/report
	[FAMU2_K02] Is prepared to recognise the importance of knowledge and skills in English Studies in solving cognitive and practical problems and to seek the advice of a supervisor in their chosen place of work in the event of difficulty in solving problems on their own.	The student is prepared to recognize the importance of knowledge and skills in the field of historical English linguistics when solving problems related to language development, and to seek the opinion of an academic supervisor in case of difficulties with independently resolving issues.	[SK1] oral statement/conversation/discussion [SK2] presentation/project/paper/report
	[FAMU2_K01] Is ready to critically evaluate the extent of their knowledge and skills, in particular in the field of English-language linguistics and literature and English.	The student is prepared to critically assess the scope of their own knowledge and skills in the field of historical English linguistics.	[SK1] oral statement/conversation/discussion [SK2] presentation/project/paper/report
	[FAMU2_W03] Knows and understands in depth advanced research methodologies and theories in the field of English linguistics.	The student knows and understands advanced research methodologies and theories in the field of historical English linguistics at an in-depth level.	[SW1] oral statement/conversation/discussion [SW2] presentation/project/paper/report
	[FAMU2_W07] Knows and understands to an in-depth extent selected issues constituting advanced detailed knowledge in the field of linguistics, including, in particular, research into the English language.	The student knows and understands selected issues representing advanced detailed knowledge in the field of historical English linguistics at an in-depth level.	[SW4] test/exam - oral or written [SW1] oral statement/conversation/discussion [SW2] presentation/project/paper/report
Subject contents	Introduction to the basic principles of language change. Translation of Old English texts. Polish-English cognates and the changes associated with them. English-German cognates and the changes associated with them. Overview of the Old English language. Phonological, morphological, syntactic, and semantic changes. Lexicalization. Grammaticalization. Modern irregularities as traces of formerly regular systems. Sources and causes of language change. Sound laws. Ablaut. The role of analogy and analogical leveling in the phonological and morphological development of languages. Irregular phonetic changes caused by frequency. Etymologies of selected words. The phenomenon of language relatedness. Selected aspects of Proto-Indo-European and their development, as well as their remnants in modern languages. Theories concerning the Proto-Indo-European homeland (its location and time). Loanwords vs. cognates.		
Prerequisites and co-requisites	Knowledge of basic linguistic terminology. Proficiency in English at the C1 level. ATTENDANCE AT ALL CLASSES IS MANDATORY, UNLESS THE STUDENT HAS OBTAINED THE DEAN'S APPROVAL TO FOLLOW AN INDIVIDUAL STUDY PLAN		
Assessment methods and criteria	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade
	oral statement/conversation/discussion	51.0%	20.0%
	presentation/project/paper/report	51.0%	20.0%
	test/exam – oral/written	51.0%	60.0%

Recommended reading	Basic literature	Lass, R. (1994). <i>Old English: A historical linguistic companion</i>. Cambridge University Press. Mallory, J. P., & Adams, D. Q. (2006). <i>The Oxford introduction to Proto-Indo-European and the Proto-Indo-European world</i>. Oxford University Press. Mitchell, B., & Robinson, F. C. (2007). <i>A guide to Old English</i>. Blackwell Publishing. Rychło, M. (2019). <i>Contrasting cognates in modern languages from a diachronic perspective</i>. Gdańsk University Press.
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	Supplementary literature	Campbell, L. (1998). <i>Historical linguistics: An introduction</i>. Edinburgh University Press. Frawley, W. J. (Ed.). (2003). <i>International encyclopedia of linguistics</i> (2nd ed.). Oxford University Press. Gussmann, E. (2002). <i>Phonology: Analysis and theory</i>. Cambridge University Press. Hoad, T. F. (Ed.). (1993). <i>The concise Oxford dictionary of English etymology</i>. Oxford University Press. Millar, R. M. (2007). <i>Trask's historical linguistics</i> (2nd ed.). Arnold. (Revised edition of Trask, 1996) Polański, K. (Ed.). (1999). <i>Encyklopedia językoznawstwa ogólnego</i>. Ossolineum. Radford, A. (2009). <i>Analysing English sentences: A minimalist approach</i>. Cambridge University Press. Reszkiewicz, A. (1996). <i>A diachronic grammar of Old English</i>. Wydawnictwo Naukowe PWN. Reszkiewicz, A. (1998). <i>Synchronic essentials of Old English</i>. Wydawnictwo Naukowe PWN. Ringe, D. (2008). <i>From Proto-Indo-European to Proto-Germanic</i> (A linguistic history of English: Volume I). Oxford University Press. Rychło, M. (2012). An etymological comparison of English <i>fiſt</i> and Polish <i>pięść</i>: How they both descended from the PIE root for five. <i>Linguistica Silesiana</i>, 33, 1938. Rychło, M. (2013). English <i>herd</i> and Polish <i>trzoda</i>: How the two words developed from one Proto-Indo-European root. <i>Acta Neophilologica</i>, 15(1), 155-166. Rychło, M. (2014a). Ślady prawa Grimma w angielszczyźnie w zestawieniu z polskimi wyrazami pokrewnymi: pie. <i>p</i> > <i>pgerm. f</i>. <i>Język Polski</i>, 94(3), 2002-11. Rychło, M. (2014c). Przejście pie. <i>p</i> w <i>pgerm. f</i> utrwalone w polsko-angielskich wyrazach pokrewnych: praformy różniące się budową słowotwórczą oraz późniejsze zmiany modyfikujące skutki prawa Grimma. <i>Język Polski</i>, 94(5), 452-462. The Oxford English Dictionary. (n.d.). In J. A. Simpson (Ed.), <i>OED Online</i> (3rd ed., ongoing). Retrieved from https://www.oed.com Trask, R. L. (2000). <i>The dictionary of historical and comparative linguistics</i>. Edinburgh University Press. Watkins, C. (Ed.). (2000). <i>The American Heritage Dictionary of Indo-European roots</i> (2nd ed.). Houghton Mifflin Company.
	eResources addresses	

Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	Discuss the main types of language changes using selected Polish-English and English-German cognates as examples. What phonological, morphological, and semantic processes occur during these changes? In your answer, refer to the concepts of lexicalization, grammaticalization, and the role of analogy in language development.
Work placement	Not applicable

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